

Material Safety Data Sheet

Acetone HPLC Grade; PVC-Coated Bottle

1. Product and company identification

Product name : Acetone HPLC Grade; PVC-Coated Bottle
Product code : AX0115P
Supplier : EMD Chemicals Inc.
P.O. Box 70
480 Democrat Road
Gibbstown, NJ 08027
856-423-6300 Technical Service
Monday - Friday: 8:00 - 5:00 PM
Synonym : Dimethyl Ketone; 2-Propanone
Material uses : Other non-specified industry: Analytical reagent.
Validation date : 2/24/2009.
In case of emergency : 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA)
613-996-6666 CANUTEC (Canada)
24 Hours/Day: 7 Days/Week

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview : DANGER!
EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.
HARMFUL IF INHALED OR SWALLOWED.
CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.
VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE.
MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: RESPIRATORY TRACT,
SKIN, EYES, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM.
Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest.
Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep
container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Physical state : Liquid.
OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard
(29 CFR 1910.1200).
Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects
Inhalation : Toxic by inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system.
Ingestion : Toxic if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage.
Skin : Irritating to skin.
Eyes : Irritating to eyes.
Potential chronic health effects
Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Target organs : May cause damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central
nervous system (CNS).
**Medical conditions
aggravated by over-
exposure** : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at
risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.
See toxicological information (section 11)

3 . Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>% by weight</u>
Acetone	67-64-1	100

4 . First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : Extremely flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
- Extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special remarks on fire hazards** : Dangerous fire and explosion risk. Vapor may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.

6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

6 . Accidental release measures

- Spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.

7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container, protected from direct sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Acetone	<p>ACGIH (United States, 1996). STEL: 1782 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). TWA: 1188 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).</p> <p>OSHA (United States, 1989). STEL: 2400 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).</p> <p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2008). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 1188 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 1782 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).</p> <p>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 750 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 2400 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).</p> <p>NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2008). TWA: 250 ppm 10 hour(s). TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hour(s).</p> <p>OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 2400 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).</p>

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering measures	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
<u>Personal protection</u>	
Respiratory	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Hands	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: butyl rubber
Eyes	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Recommended: splash goggles
Skin	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: lab coat
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9 . Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid.
Flash point	: Closed cup: -18.15°C (-0.67°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: 464.85°C (868.7°F)
Flammable limits	: Lower: 2.6% Upper: 12.8%
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Pungent.
Molecular weight	: 58.09 g/mole
Molecular formula	: C3-H6-O
pH	: Not available.
Boiling/condensation point	: 56.1°C (133°F)
Melting/freezing point	: -94.2°C (-137.6°F)
Critical temperature	: 234.9°C (454.8°F)
Relative density	: 0.791
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: 2 [Air = 1]
Odor threshold	: 100 ppm
Evaporation rate	: 6.06 compared with(n-BUTYL ACETATE=1)
Solubility	: Soluble in the following materials: water

10 . Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas. Do not swallow.
Materials to avoid	: Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Conditions of reactivity	: Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat, shocks and mechanical impacts and oxidizing materials. Dangerous fire and explosion risk. Vapor may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Extremely explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat, shocks and mechanical impacts and oxidizing materials.

11 . Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test Route	Species	Result
Acetone	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	5500 mg/kg
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	5340 mg/kg
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg
	LDLo Oral	Human	714 mg/kg
	LDLo Dermal	Rabbit	20 mL/kg
	LDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	500 mg/kg
	LDLo Oral	Dog	8000 mg/kg
	TDLo Oral	Rat	5 mL/kg
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	50100 mg/m3
	Vapor		

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Acetone	A4	-	-	-	-	-

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

12 . Ecological information

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
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12 . Ecological information

Acetone	Acute EC50 13500 mg/L	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute EC50 8990 mg/L	Fish	48 hours
	Acute EC50 23.5 mg/L	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5540 mg/L	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/L	Daphnia	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/L	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6900 mg/L	Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
	Fresh water	Daphnia magna	
	Acute LC50 5.54 to 6.33	Fish - Rainbow	96 hours
	ml/L Fresh water	trout,donaldson trout -	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss - 1 g	
	Acute LC50 8300000 ug/L	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis	96 hours
	Fresh water	macrochirus - 5.3 to 7.2 cm -	
		3.5 to 3.9 g	
	Acute LC50 8120000 to	Fish - Fathead minnow -	96 hours
	8760000 ug/L Fresh water	Pimephales promelas - 33	
		days - 22.6 mm - 0.159 g	
	Acute LC50 8098000 to	Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
	8640000 ug/L Fresh water	Ceriodaphnia dubia -	
		Neonate - <12 hours	
	Acute LC50 7810000 ug/L	Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
	Fresh water	Daphnia cucullata - 11 days	
	Acute LC50 7550000 ug/L	Crustaceans - Aquatic	48 hours
	Fresh water	sowbug - Asellus aquaticus	
	Acute LC50 7460000 ug/L	Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
	Fresh water	Daphnia cucullata - 11 days	
	Acute LC50 7280000 to	Fish - Fathead minnow -	96 hours
	7880000 ug/L Fresh water	Pimephales promelas - 28	
		days - 19.2 mm - 0.076 g	
	Acute LC50 6210000 to	Fish - Fathead minnow -	96 hours
	7030000 ug/L Fresh water	Pimephales promelas - 32	
		days - 18 mm - 0.087 g	
	Acute LC50 >100000 ug/L	Fish - Fathead minnow -	96 hours
	Fresh water	Pimephales promelas -	
		Juvenile (Fledgling,	
		Hatchling, Weanling) - 0.2 to	
		0.5 g	
	Acute LC50 13300000	Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
	ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia magna - <24 hours	
	Acute LC50 10000 ug/L	Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
	Fresh water	Daphnia magna	
	Acute LC50 12600000	Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
	ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia magna - <24 hours	
	Acute LC50 12100000	Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
	ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia magna - <24 hours	
	Acute LC50 11000000 to	Fish - Bleak - Alburnus	96 hours
	11300000 ug/L Marine	alburnus - 8 cm	
	water		
	Acute LC50 10700000	Fish - Fathead minnow -	96 hours
	ug/L Fresh water	Pimephales promelas - 25	
		mm	
	Acute LC50 9218000 to	Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
	14400000 ug/L Fresh	Daphnia magna - Neonate -	
	water	<12 hours	
	Acute LC50 9100000 to	Fish - Fathead minnow -	96 hours
	9482000 ug/L Fresh water	Pimephales promelas - 2 to	
		3 months - 19 mm - 0.06 g	
	Acute LC50 8800000 ug/L	Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
	Fresh water	Daphnia pulex - <24 hours	

Environmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Continued on next page

12 . Ecological information

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13 . Disposal considerations

The information presented only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1090	ACETONE	3	II		Reportable quantity 5000 lbs. (2270 kg)

PG* : Packing group

15 . Regulatory information

United States

- HCS Classification** : Flammable liquid
Toxic material
Irritating material
Target organ effects
- U.S. Federal regulations** : TSCA 4(a) final test rules: Acetone
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.
TSCA 12(b) one-time export: Acetone
TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act): This product is listed on the TSCA Inventory.
SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.
SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.
SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Acetone
SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:
Acetone : Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found.
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: No products were found.
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.
- DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed
- DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Listed
- Massachusetts Substances** : This material is listed.
- New Jersey Hazardous Substances** : This material is listed.
- New York Acutely Hazardous Substances** : This material is listed.
- Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances** : This material is listed.
- Canada**
- WHMIS (Canada)** : Class B-2: Flammable liquid
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

15 . Regulatory information

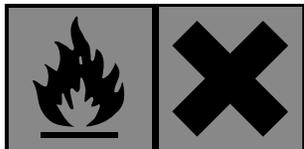
Canadian lists : **CEPA Toxic substances:** This material is listed.
Canadian ARET: This material is not listed.
Canadian NPRI: This material is listed.
Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed.
Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed.
Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

CEPA DSL / CEPA NDSL : This material is listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

EU regulations

Hazard symbol or symbols :



Risk phrases : R11- Highly flammable.
R36- Irritating to eyes.

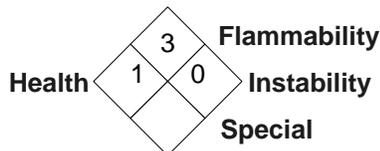
Safety phrases : S2- Keep out of the reach of children.
S9- Keep container in a well-ventilated place.
S16- Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

International regulations

International lists : **Australia inventory (AICS):** This material is listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC): This material is listed or exempted.
Japan inventory (ENCs): This material is listed or exempted.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Korea inventory (KECI): This material is listed or exempted.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): This material is listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): This material is listed or exempted.

16 . Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



Notice to reader

The statements contained herein are based upon technical data that EMD Chemicals Inc. believes to be reliable, are offered for information purposes only and as a guide to the appropriate precautionary and emergency handling of the material by a properly trained person having the necessary technical skills. Users should consider these data only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use, storage and disposal of these materials and the safety and health of employees and customers and the protection of the environment. EMD CHEMICALS INC. MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE, WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS.